

# TrkB Antibody Sampler Kit

Cat# AK0277

Upon receipt, store at -20°C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The family of Trk receptor tyrosine kinases consists of TrkA, TrkB, and TrkC. While the sequence of these family members is highly conserved, they are activated by different neurotrophins: TrkA by NGF, TrkB by BDNF or NT4, and TrkC by NT3. Neurotrophin signaling through these receptors regulates a number of physiological processes, such as cell survival, proliferation, neural development, and axon and dendrite growth and patterning. In the adult nervous system, the Trk receptors regulate synaptic strength and plasticity. TrkA regulates proliferation and is important for development and maturation of the nervous system. Phosphorylation at Tyr490 is required for Shc association and activation of the Ras-MAP kinase cascade. Residues Tyr674/675 lie within the catalytic domain, and phosphorylation at these sites reflects TrkA kinase activity. Point mutations, deletions, and chromosomal rearrangements (chimeras) cause ligand-independent receptor dimerization and activation of TrkA. TrkA is activated in many malignancies including breast, ovarian, prostate, and thyroid carcinomas. Research studies suggest that expression of TrkA in neuroblastomas may be a good prognostic marker as TrkA signals growth arrest and differentiation of cells originating from the neural crest. The phosphorylation sites are conserved between TrkA and TrkB: Tyr490 of TrkA corresponds to Tyr512 in TrkB, and Tyr674/675 of TrkA to Tyr706/707 in TrkB of the human sequence. TrkB is overexpressed in tumors, such as neuroblastoma, prostate adenocarcinoma, and pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma. Research studies have shown that in neuroblastomas, overexpression of TrkB correlates with an unfavorable disease outcome when autocrine loops signaling tumor survival are potentiated by additional overexpression of brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF). An alternatively spliced truncated TrkB isoform lacking the kinase domain is overexpressed in Wilms' tumors and this isoform may act as a dominant-negative regulator of TrkB signaling.

## PRODUCT INCLUDES

Cat No.	Product name	Quantity	Applications	Reactivity	Host
A340691	NTRK2 Polyclonal Antibody	20µL	WB, IHC, ELISA	Human, Mouse, Rat	Rabbit
A340289	Phospho-NTRK2 (Tyr516) Polyclonal Antibody	20µL	WB, IHC, ELISA	Human, Mouse, Rat	Rabbit
A340290	Phospho-NTRK2 (Tyr706) Polyclonal Antibody	20µL	WB, IHC, IF, ELISA	Human, Mouse, Rat	Rabbit

<b>A1013s</b>	Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (peroxidase/HRP conjugated)	120μL	WB, ELISA	Rabbit	Goat
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## **PRODUCT USE LIMITATION**

These products are intended for research use only.